10





## Spring Is Here!

## St Patrick's Day

## Let's Visit Ireland

## ČASOPISY PRO VÝUKU ANGLIČTINY



## CENY PŘEDPLATNÉHO 2019/2020



#### UČITELSKÁ SADA K ČASOPISŮM

Učitelé, kteří objednají 11 a více kusů předplatného, získají ke každému vydání časopisu učitelskou sadu. Učitelská sada je neprodejná.

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Čím více kusů předplatného objednáte cím více učitelských sad dostanete.

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#### Key to Icons

TF W

CD listening on CD

extra materials in the Teachers' File (TF)

extra materials online

#### SOUTĚŽE V BŘEZNOVÉM ČÍSLE

Pokud se chcete zúčastnit některé ze tří soutěží (str. 4 – 5, 12, 18 – 19), zašlete správné odpovědi do 31. 03. 2020. Uveď te své jméno, jméno učitele AJ a adresu školy.

Vždy dva vylosovaní výherci z každé soutěže obdrží pěkné ceny!

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Výsledky cvičení z dvojčísla leden – únor uvádíme na webu: www.bridge-online.cz/ casopis-rr/rr- january-february-2020/.

Výsledky cvičení z **březnového čísla** naleznete v Teachers' File a následující měsíc na našem webu.

### Dear Readers,

It's getting warmer outside. Spring is coming. The world outside is waking up. Plants are growing and animals are coming out and having babies. In this issue of RR, you can learn how to talk about springtime in English. We also write about the beautiful green country of Ireland and some of its traditions and stories. And as always, there are comic strips, games, puzzles and more, including the next part of Gulliver's adventures and some more clues in the Mystery of the Haunted Theatre. Are you excited? Turn the page and start reading!

> Megan and the RR Editorial Team





## Q SOUTĚŽE V PROSINCOVÉM ČÍSLE

Vyhodnocení V soutěžích vyhráli žáci z následujících škol:

#### 1. TOYS AND TECHNOLOGY (str. 4 – 5)

- ZŠ Mládí 726, Orlová-Lutyně
- ZŠ Brno, Novolíšeňská 10
- 2. SPRINGBOK (str. 12)
- ZŠ Litomyšl
- Gymnázium Třinec
- 3. PUZZLE TIME (str. 18 19)
- Gymnázium Polička
- ZŠ a MŠ Brno, Staňkova 14

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**KEY MARCH VOCABULARY** You can find these words in the magazine.

## LOOK AT THE ANIMALS



Look at the pictures. Read the words. Write the words on the lines. The first letters will help you. Listen to CD Track 1 and check your answers.



Use the question card









8 S\_\_\_\_



## **11 F**

**beak** [biːk] **claw** [klɔː] **ear** [ıə(r)] **eye** [aı]











**2** B

feather ['feðə(r)] fin [fɪn] fur [fɜ:(r)] head [hed] leg [leg]



10 W\_



## 13 W

shell [ʃel] tail [teɪl] whisker [ˈwɪskə(r)] wing [wɪŋ]



Do you like spring? Why? What do you usually do in spring? What is the spring weather in your country?

8 to buzz [b<sub>1</sub>z] bzučet

A GREEN HOLIDAY

# ST PHIRICK ST PHIRICK WHEN IS IT?

St Patrick's Day, or the **Feast**<sup>1</sup> of St Patrick, is on March 17<sup>th</sup> every year. This year, St Patrick's Day is on a Tuesday.



## WHO WAS ST PATRICK?

St Patrick is the **patron saint**<sup>2</sup> of Ireland. He was born in Britain but, when he was 16, pirates **captured**<sup>3</sup> him. They took him to Ireland. Patrick was in Ireland for six years before he **escaped**<sup>4</sup> and went back to Britain. But, after a few years, Patrick went back to Ireland. He told the Irish people about **Christianity**<sup>5</sup> and built **churches**<sup>6</sup> and schools.

### HOW DO PEOPLE CELEBRATE??

s day

St Patrick's Day is a holiday in Ireland. That means people don't go to work, and children don't go to school. Many people go to church on this day. In cities there are **parades**<sup>8</sup> and concerts. But St Patrick's Day is not only celebrated in Ireland, but all over the world. In some cities in America, like New York and Chicago, there are very big celebrations with parades and lots of green. People wear green clothes and **shamrocks**<sup>9</sup>, drink green drinks, and even the rivers are green. It's a day of fun for everybody.

hes.

Dav.



WHEN IS ST

PATRICK'S DAY?

A LEPRECHAUN



#### TASK

#### What are these words? The letters are in the wrong places! Write the correct words in the sentences.

1	AISTPER 2 ICSIRHTAYTIN 3 ERNGE
	🗲 REAASPD 🍯 TBARNII
A	On St Patrick's Day, people wearclot
B	St Patrick was born in
C	When he was 16, Patrick was taken by
D	There are big and concerts on St Patrick's

Patrick told Irish people about .......

- 1 feast [fiːst] (náboženský) svátek
- 2 patron saint [,peitrən 'seint] svatý patron
- **3** to capture ['kæptʃə(r)] zajmout
- 4 to escape [i'skeip] uprchnout
  5 Christianity [kristi'ænəti]
- 5 Christianity [ˌkristi'ænəti] křesťanství
- 6 church [tʃɜːtʃ] kostel
- 7 to celebrate ['selibreit] (o)slavit, oslavovat
- 8 parade [pəˈreɪd] slavnostní průvod
- 9 shamrock ['ʃæmrɒk] jetel

# IRISH CREATURES<sup>1</sup>

IRELAND IS A COUNTRY OF MANY LEGENDS. DO YOU KNOW THESE IRISH CREATURES?

## LEPRECHAUNS<sup>2</sup>

Leprechauns can be nice, or they can be bad. They usually have red hair, a red beard, green clothes and a green hat. Everybody in Ireland knows that leprechauns have lots of **gold**<sup>3</sup>. But where is it? At the end of the rainbow, of course. If you catch a leprechaun he might give you three **wishes**<sup>4</sup>, but be careful what you wish for.



## **BANSHEES**<sup>5</sup>

Banshees are very noisy. If you hear a banshee **screaming**<sup>6</sup>, someone in your family will **die**<sup>7</sup>. Nobody really knows what Banshees look like. They look like women, but some people say they are tall. Some people say they are short. Some people say they are young. Some people say they are old. The only thing people know is it's not good news to hear one in the middle of the night.

## PÚCAS

A púca is a naughty little **goblin**<sup>8</sup>. They can have white or black **fur**<sup>9</sup>. They can change what they look like, so often they look like horses, goats or other animals. Sometimes a púca will try to give you a ride on its back. This is a bad idea. The púca will take you on a **wild**<sup>10</sup> and scary trip, and then bring you back where you started. But after that, you will never be the same again.



#### VOCABULARY

- **1 creature** ['kri:tʃə(r)] bytost
- 2 leprechaun ['leprəkɔ:n] zlomyslný skřítek z irské mytologie
- 3 gold [gəʊld] zlato
- 4 wish / to wish [wɪʃ] přání / přát si
- 5 **banshee** ['bænʃiː] víla ohlašující smrt, smrtka
- 6 to scream [skri:m] křičet, ječet
- 7 to die [daı] zemřít
- 8 goblin [ˈgɒblɪn] skřítek
- **9 fur** [fɜː(r)] srst
- 10 wild [waild] divoký



#### Read and listen (CD Track 4). What creature is it? Leprechaun, banshee or púca? Write L, B or P.

1	This creature might give you three wishes
2	This creature might look like an animal
3	Is this creature tall or short? Young or old? Nobody really knows.
4	This creature can have black fur

5 This creature has a lot of gold.

A1-A2 | Grammar Fixer | Paul Farrington-Douglas (UK) | TF Grammar Fixer, Checker

## The Sweet Smell<sup>0</sup> of Flowers?

## **Smell the Flowers**

Most flowers smell nice. Do you know why? Flowers need **insects**<sup>6</sup>. The insects carry **pollen**<sup>7</sup> from one flower to another. And many insects (for example, bees and butterflies) like sweet things. But <u>there are</u> some insects that like smelly things. And <u>there are</u> flowers that need these insects, not bees and butterflies.

TASK

Draw a line between the flower and its smell.

It's spring, and the sun shines<sup>2</sup> on the cold ground<sup>3</sup>. The ground gets warm, and plants start to grow. Green leaves and pretty flowers open.

Look – <u>there are</u> yellow **daffodils**<sup>4</sup> and purple **crocuses**<sup>5</sup>. Can you smell them? They smell sweet. Do you like to smell flowers?

## **Bad Meat?**

<u>There are many flowers that smell like</u> **dead**<sup>8</sup> animals. <u>There is</u> a flower in Indonesia called *Rafflesia tuan-mudae*. It's the biggest flower in the world. It's beautiful, but it smells like bad meat. In South Africa, <u>there's</u> a plant called the "pineapple **lily**<sup>9</sup>". Lilies and pineapples smell very sweet – but not the pineapple lily.

## More Smelly Flowers

<u>There are</u> other bad flower smells. <u>There's</u> a plant in America that smells like a **sweaty armpit**<sup>10</sup>. There's another that smells like old fish. And one in South Africa smells like dog **poo**<sup>11</sup>!

GRAMMAR

THERE IS / ARE

So tell me again... Do you like to smell flowers?



→ Solutions in the TF and more exercises in TF – Grammar Fixer and Grammar Checker

## LET'S GO OUTSIDE

TASK 1 (1) It's a beautiful spring day. Lucy would like to go outside. What about her two alien<sup>2</sup> friends, Perzil and Yo-Yee? Listen to a conversation (CD Track 5). Match Perzil, Yo-Yee and Lucy with the right words.





park

cinema



#### VOCABULARY

- 1 outside [aot'said] ven, venku
- 2 alien ['eıliən] vesmírný, z vesmíru
- 3 car park ['kaː paːk] parkoviště
- 4 idea [ai'dıə] nápad
- 5 suggestion [sə'dʒest[ən] návrh
- 6 to hate [heit] nemít rád, nesnášet
- 7 to take turns [ts:nz] střídat se
- **8** to return [ri't3:n] (na)vrátit se
- sunshine ['sʌnʃaın] 9 sluneční svit
- **10 blossom** ['blosəm] květ(y)
- **11 to shine** [[ain] svítit, zářit
- 12 rose [rəʊz] růže
- **13 snowdrop** ['snəʊdrop] sněženka
- **14** tulip ['tjuːlıp] tulipán
- in the Recording Scripts



car park<sup>3</sup>

restaurant

#### TASK 2 S Finish the sentences with the right words. Listen to the conversation and check your answers.

1	(U(Y:	Spring! So come on, let's	something.
2	<b>YO-Y</b> €€:	Let's	to the restaurant.
3	PERZIL:	What about	to the cinema?
4	<b>YO-Y</b> €€:	Let's go	the park.
5	(U(Y:	That's a	idea <sup>4</sup> .
6	PERZIL:	Lucy, shall	go to the car park?
7	(U(Y:	OK, fine	go.

#### LANGUAGE CORNER **MAKING SUGGESTIONS<sup>5</sup>**

QUESTIONS	ANSWERS		
<ul> <li>Let's go</li> <li>What about going?</li> <li>How about going?</li> <li>Shall we go?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>That's a good / great idea.</li> <li>Good / Great idea.</li> <li>OK, fine.</li> <li>OK, cool.</li> <li>Let's do it.</li> <li>I don't know.</li> <li>No, thanks. I don't like / I hate<sup>6</sup></li> </ul>		

## CLASS CHAT රිද්ධ

- Read the conversation (CD Track 5) in the Recording Scripts. Role-play it with your friend.
- Read the Language Corner. Work in pairs. Take turns<sup>7</sup> to suggest things and give answers. Use a different question and a different answer from the Language Corner each time.

<b>A1</b>	- A2   Around the World   William	n Lee (UK)   🕕 Track 6		
	WORLD THE REPUE OF IREL	ORTHERN IRELAND BLIC AND EMMA'S AND JIRK THEY'RE VISITING WHISKEY AND MUS SYMBOL IS A HAR IT'S IRELAND. THE IRELAND: THE RE NORTHERN IRELA	A COUNTRY FAMOUS SIC. THEY DRINK GUIN P <sup>5</sup> . DO YOU KNOW WH ERE ARE TWO COUNT	ITINUES <sup>2</sup> . THIS MONTH FOR ITS GREEN HILLS <sup>3</sup> , NESS AND THE NATIONAL <sup>4</sup> ERE IT IS? THAT'S RIGHT, RIES ON THE ISLAND OF NND NORTHERN IRELAND.
	the quiz. Then listen to CD Track 6			CARDIN MARKET
1	How many people live in Ireland?			ALL CON
	<b>a</b> 70 million	<b>b</b> 6.5 million	<b>c</b> 1.7 million	
2	What is the <b>capital</b> <sup>6</sup> of the Republi <b>a</b> <i>Cork</i>	c of Ireland? <b>b</b> Glasgow	<b>c</b> Dublin	
3	How big is Ireland?			
	<b>a</b> 113,000 km <sup>2</sup>	<b>b</b> 84,000 km <sup>2</sup>	<b>c</b> 17,000 km <sup>2</sup>	GAELIC FOOTBALL
4	How many official languages are the <b>a</b> One: English	here in Ireland? <b>b</b> Two: English and Irish	<b>c</b> Three: English, Irisl	h and Gaelic
5	Which band is <u>not</u> Irish?			
	<b>a</b> U2	<b>b</b> The Cranberries	<b>c</b> The Beatles	
6	What is the most popular sport of <b>a</b> <i>Gaelic football</i>	Ireland? <b>b</b> football	<b>c</b> curling	
7	What is the name of the plant that <b>a</b> <i>the rose</i>	t has three leaves and is the cou <b>b</b> the tulip	ntry's national flower? c the shamrock*	
DUE	LIN			all all a
	TOD BAS			GHANNROCKS

U2



## Hi RR Readers!

I hope you're all wearing your hiking boots and have your raincoats ready. This month we are in Ireland. It might rain a lot but it is very beautiful. It's called the Emerald Isle\* and we're going to look at its castles and countryside, and listen to some of the country's many music bands.

## **About Ireland**

Ireland is a beautiful country. It's called the Emerald Isle because of its green hills and glens<sup>7</sup>. The world-famous Guinness beer is from Ireland. It is from the Dublin **brewery**<sup>8</sup> of Arthur Guinness. The national holiday of Ireland is St Patrick's Day. On March 17th people celebrate<sup>9</sup> it around the world. People wear green clothes and drink Irish whiskey and Guinness.



THE DUBLIN BREWER OF ARTHUR GUINNESS



## **Did You Know?**

- Ireland is famous for its music and it has won the Eurovision song contest<sup>10</sup> a record seven times.
- There are no snakes Ireland. Snakes can't swim and so they didn't cross the sea to Ireland.
- Irish writers have won four Nobel prizes for literature.  $\triangleright$ For such a small country, this is **amazing**<sup>11</sup>.
- The Irish eat potato pancakes, too. They call them boxtys.
- Many Irish people **believe**<sup>12</sup> that **fairies**<sup>13</sup> exist.
- Irish folk<sup>14</sup> stories are full of leprechauns<sup>15</sup>. These are small men who give wishes to travellers and bury<sup>16</sup> treasure<sup>17</sup> around the country.







A LEPRECHAUN

\*GLOSSARY **shamrock** – a small plant with three leaves isle – island



IRELAND

#### TASK 2 Read sentences 1–5. Can you find the missing words?

1 The national symbols of Ireland are a h..... and a **s**..... 2 Ireland is called the Emerald I..... 3 It **r**.....a lot in Ireland. You need to wear a raincoat. 4 Ireland is famous for its **m**..... 5 Boxtys are the Irish potato **p**.....

- 1 adventure [ad'vent[a(r)] dobrodružství
- 2 to continue [kənˈtɪnjuː] pokračovat
- 3 hill [hil] kopec
- national ['næ[nəl] národní 4
- harp [hɑːp] harfa 5
- 6 capital ['kæpıtl] hlavní město
- 7 glen [glen] horské údolí
- 8 **brewery** ['bruːəri] pivovar
- 9 to celebrate ['selibreit] slavit
- 10 contest ['kontest] soutěž
- 11 amazing [əˈmeiziŋ] úžasný
- 12 to believe [bi'li:v] věřit
- 13 fairy ['feəri] skřítek, víla
- 14 folk [faʊk] lidový
- 15 leprechaun ['leprəkɔːn] zlomyslný skřítek z irské mytologie
- **16 to bury** ['beri] zakopat
- 17 treasure ['treʒə(r)] poklad
- 18 century ['sent[əri] století
- 19 peace [pi:s] mír
- **20** championship ['tʃæmpiənʃıp] mistrovství
- 21 heart-shaped ['ho:t feipt] ve tvaru srdce
- 22 druid ['druːid] druid, keltský kněz
- in the Recording Scripts

3.

HI. I HAVE A QUESTION FOR YOU. WHAT SAYS "ARF, ARF, ARF"? A SILLY HUMAN? WHO WANTS TO SOUND LIKE A SEAL. THAT WAS FUNNY, RIGHT? NO? YOU HUMANS DON'T KNOW WHAT'S FUNNY. I'M A SEAL AND I THINK IT'S VERY FUNNY.

> ANSWER & WIN SEND US YOUR ANIMAL CARD (TF – ACTIVITIES) BY MARCH 31<sup>st</sup>. TWO OF YOU WI

I am a grey seal. I live in Ireland. There are many of us everywhere in the UK. Grey seals live in big colonies by the sea. Some colonies can have over 6,000 seals. How many people live with you?

ARE GREY SEALS GOOD AT HEARING?

Gre

I am the biggest **mammal<sup>3</sup>** in the UK. I can be up to three metres long and I **weigh<sup>4</sup>** up to 400 kilograms. Girl seals can live up to 35 years and boys live up to 25 years. I love to eat! My favourite food is fish. Are you surprised? I also like to eat eels<sup>5</sup>, octopus<sup>6</sup> and shrimp<sup>7</sup>. Some seabirds are very tasty<sup>8</sup> but they are hard to catch.

Animals that like to eat me are sharks and **orcas**<sup>9</sup>. Be careful. Sharks can eat you, too.

To get my food I **dive<sup>10</sup>** underwater. I can go up to 70 metres **deep<sup>11</sup>**. I'm a fast swimmer. I can swim at up to 35 kph\* but I usually swim at 10 kph.



#### TASK

Read the sentences. There's one mistake in each sentence. Listen to CD Track 8 and correct the mistakes.

- Grey seals can see really well with their big whiskers<sup>12</sup>.
- **2** The most important **way**<sup>13</sup> they find food is with their eyes.
- 3 They can see so well that even a blind<sup>14</sup> seal can easily find something tasty in the cold dark ocean.



\*GLOSSARY kph – kilometres per / an hour

- 1 grey seal [ˌgreɪ ˈsiːl] tuleň kuželozubý
- 2 human ['hjuːmən] člověk
- **3 mammal** ['mæml] savec
- 4 to weigh [wei] vážit
- 5 eel [iːl] úhoř
- 6 octopus ['ɒktəpəs] chobotnice
- 7 shrimp [ʃrɪmp] garnát (mořský ráček)
- 8 tasty [ˈteɪsti] chutný
- 9 orca [ˈɔːkə] kosatka
- 10 to dive [daiv] potápět se
- 11 deep [di:p] hluboko
- **12 whisker** ['wiskə(r)] vous
- 13 way [wei] způsob
- 14 blind [blaind] slepý
- **15 hunter** ['hʌntə(r)] lovec
- **16 current** ['kʌrənt] proud
- in the Recording Scripts

Track 9 | William Lee (UK) | Science | A2

## WHY IS GRASS GREEN WHY IS GRASS BLUE?

## WHY IS THE SKY BLUE?

All light travels in a straight line. When something is in the way, one of these things happens:

- **1** It **reflects**<sup>1</sup> the light (e.g. a mirror).
- 2 It absorbs (= pulls inside itself) the light (most things).
- 3 It scatters<sup>2</sup> the light (e.g. gas<sup>3</sup> molecules).

White light from the Sun has many wavelengths<sup>4</sup> and colours. (Do you know the colours?) Light travels in a straight line in space. But when it hits the air (gas) in the Earth's atmosphere, the air molecules scatter and **bounce**<sup>5</sup> some of the light in different directions.

It's a bit like a **bouncy castle**<sup>6</sup>. When you get in a bouncy castle with your friends, you jump around like **crazy**<sup>7</sup>. When your teacher gets in the bouncy castle, he or she only jumps a little. Blue light has the shortest wavelength and it's like you and your friends. It bounces like crazy. The red and yellow light is like your teacher. It doesn't

#### TASK

#### Read and listen (CD Track 9). Match questions 1–5 with the right answers (A–E).

- Why is the sky blue?
- 2 Why is grass green?
- 3 What are the colours of light in white light?
- 4 Is the sky blue on the moon?
- 5 What colour is the sky on Mars?
- A They are the colours of the rainbow.
- B It's black.
- Because of a special chemical.
- It looks orange during the day.
- E Because of the wavelength of blue light.

Atmosphere bure tore

A RAINBOW

really bounce. Instead it travels directly from the Sun to our eyes. (Don't ever look straight at the Sun – it will burn your eyes!) Blue light comes from all over the sky because, like you and your friends in a bouncy castle, it bounces everywhere until it hits the ground.

OF THE RAINBOW

## WHY IS GRASS GREEN?

Grass is green because it has a **chemical**<sup>8</sup> called **chlorophyll**<sup>9</sup> – not because of bouncing. Chlorophyll absorbs blue and red light. But it reflects green light. Grass is green because green light hits the grass and reflects it into our eyes.



#### VOCABULARY

- **1 to reflect** [rı'flekt] odrážet
- 2 to scatter [ˈskætə(r)] rozptýlit
- 3 gas [gæs] plyn, plynný
   4 wavelength ['weivleŋθ]
- vlnová délka
- 5 to bounce [baons] odrazit
- 6 **bouncy castle** [ˌbaʊnsi ˈkɑːsl] skákací hrad
- 7 crazy ['kreızi] jako šílený, jako divý
- 8 chemical [ˈkemɪkl] (chemická) látka
- 9 chlorophyll [ˈklɒrəfɪl] chlorofyl, listová zeleň
- **carbon dioxide** [,ka:bən dai'oksaıd] oxid uhličitý
   *in the Recording Scripts*

RR March 2020 13





# ori and the will of the wises'

*Ori and the Blind Forest* is a game from 2015. People said it was one of the best games on PC, and it's still popular now. But this month, a second game is coming: *Ori and the Will of the Wisps*.

Ori is a white **guardian spirit**<sup>2</sup>. In the first game, Ori **saved**<sup>3</sup> the forest. This time, they• are leaving the forest to learn the story of the world and find their **destiny**<sup>4</sup>. They have to run, jump, and **fight**<sup>5</sup> monsters in this beautiful world. But Ori is not **alone**<sup>6</sup>! Their friend Sein, another spirit, is coming with them to help.

Be careful: Ori and the Will of the Wisps is very beautiful, but it's also very difficult! You have to practise if you want to win. We don't know much about the story yet, but the people who made the game say it will be very **emotional**<sup>7</sup>. The game will be on Xbox One and Windows 10 on March 11<sup>th</sup>. But if you can't get the game, you can watch other people play it on YouTube and enjoy the beautiful **graphics**<sup>8</sup>!

#### VOCABULARY

- will-of-the-wisp

   [,wil ə ðə 'wisp]
   bludička
   (fosforeskující plyny na blatech), přelud
- 2 guardian spirit [ˌgɑːdiən ˈspɪrɪt] strážný duch
- 3 to save [seiv] zachránit
- 4 **destiny** ['destəni] osud
- 5 to fight sb / sth [faɪt] bojovat s kým / čím
- 6 alone [əˈləʊn] sám, samotný
- 7 emotional [ı'məʊʃənl] dojemný
- 8 graphics ['græfiks] grafika
- 9 tense [tens] (slovesný) čas

Look at the sentences about the two Ori games. The first game is old, and the second one is new. Write the verbs on the lines. You need to change the words so they are the right tense<sup>9</sup>.

	Circ	words so they are the right tense :		0 8.4
1	(be)	In Ori and the Blind Forest, Ori	in a forest.	graf 9 tens
2	(leave)	In Ori and the Will of the Wisps, Ori is	the forest.	s (slo
3	(help)	In Ori and the Blind Forest, Ori's friend Sein	them.	
4	(come)	In Ori and the Will of the Wisps, Sein is	to help them a	again.
5	(can)	In Ori and the Blind Forest, Ori	fight monsters.	
6	(learn)	In Ori and the Will of the Wisps, Ori must	to fight in n	ew ways.

Listen to CD Track 10 and check your answers.

•LANGUAGE POINT

In English, if we don't

a boy or a girl, we use *they* 

instead of *he* or *she*. Ori is

know if someone is

not a boy or a girl.

They

TASK

IF Activities | I Track 11 | Megan LeBoeuf (USA) | Games / Mystery | A1-A2

# THE MYSTERY<sup>1</sup> OF THE HAUNTED<sup>2</sup> THEATRE

THERE WERE TWO PEOPLE HURT<sup>3</sup> IN THE THEATRE, AND SOME PEOPLE THOUGHT IT WAS AN ANGRY GHOST<sup>4</sup>. NOW ANOTHER PERSON IS HURT, AND IT'S THE THEATRE MANAGER, BEVERLY MIRREN.

Here is an article<sup>5</sup> about what happened<sup>6</sup>. We printed<sup>7</sup> it from the internet. Sorry, the printer<sup>7</sup> TASK 1 is broken and everything is backwards<sup>8</sup>. Can you read it? Write the sentences down.

#### AGAIN BACK IS GHOST THE

MORE TASKS TF - ACTIVITIES CD TRACK 11

another **attacked**<sup>9</sup> Theatre Mirren the in ghost The

The manager. theatre the it's time, This person.

hospital in She's **stage**<sup>10</sup>. the off her pushed ghost

not is theatre the think people Many now.

it. sell should manager the and safe

#### Butterworth Jessica by

Beverly Mirren called us from the hospital. She says it wasn't a ghost. She was just very tired because she TASK 2 isn't sleeping well, and she fell. Hm... Is that true<sup>11</sup>? Or is she just afraid to say it's a ghost? Here is a photo of her office. What do you think, detective?



### THE CLUES<sup>12</sup>

There are lots of blue \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ in Beverly's office.

Severly says she fell because she was very tired from not sleeping enough.

Do you think this is true? YES / NO Why / Why not?

- **1** mystery ['mistri] tajemství, záhada
- **2** haunted ['ho:ntid] strašidelný
- 3 hurt [h3:t] zraněný
- 4 ghost [gəʊst] duch, přízrak
- article ['aːtıkl] článek 5
- **6 to happen** ['hæpən] stát se
- to print / printer 7 [print / 'printə(r)] (vy)tisknout / tiskárna
- 8 backwards ['bækwədz] pozpátku
- **9** to attack [əˈtæk] napadnout
- 10 stage [steid3] jeviště
- **11 true** [truː] pravdivý 12 clue [kluː] nápověda
- **13 bin** [bin]
  - (odpadkový) koš

A1-A2 | Puzzle

#### TASK1 A ZIGZAG<sup>1</sup> WORD PUZZLE

This is a zigzag word puzzle. The sentences and the first letters help you to find ten animal body parts and spring words. The words go left, right, up and down, but not **diagonally**<sup>2</sup>. The words can **bend**<sup>3</sup> at a **right angle**<sup>4</sup>. Look at the example.

#### EXAMPLE

A flying animal with a long thin body and four big wings ......butterfly





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- A bird's mouth
- 2 Different colours that you can see in the sky when the sun **shines**<sup>5</sup> through rain
- **3** A small white flower that grows in early spring
- A lot of hair that grows on the body of some animals
- 5 The body part at the back of the body of a bird, an animal or a fish, which the animal can move
- 6 A black and yellow flying animal that lives in big groups and makes honey
- 7 The body part that birds use to fly
- 3 A flat<sup>6</sup> green part of a plant
- **9** A tall yellow spring flower. It is a symbol of Wales.
- **10** Long hairs that grow near the noses of animals like cats, mice and dogs

#### VOCABULARY

- 1 zigzag [ˈzɪgzæg] klikatá čára
- 3 to bend [bend] ohnout,
- 2 diagonally [daɪˈæɡənəli] šikmo, úhlopříčně
- zahnout
- 4 right angle [ˈæŋgl] pravý úhel

to shine [[ain] svítit, zářit

flat [flæt] plochý, rovný

5

6

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#### THE LEPRECHAUN'S<sup>1</sup> GOLD<sup>2</sup>

Tip: Are there words you don't understand? The vocabulary on pp. 6–7 will help you.

A leprechaun has a bag of gold **buried**<sup>3</sup> somewhere here. Can you find it?

- Kervice with the bag of gold is buried on a square with no trees or **shamrocks**⁴.
- More than the 8 squares around it there are two trees.
- In the 8 squares around it there is one shamrock.
- The square with the gold doesn't have any **dotted**<sup>5</sup> lines.

#### Write the correct words under the pictures.









-	*	*		
			*	
	*			×
<b>~</b>				
*	*		*	
			×	*
*				

- leprechaun ['leprəkɔ:n] zlomyslný skřítek z irské mytologie
- 2 gold [gəʊld] zlato
- 3 to bury ['beri] zakopat, zahrabat
- 4 shamrock ['ʃæmrɒk] jetel
- 5 dotted ['dɒtɪd] přerušovaný, tečkovaný





- 1 giant ['dʒaiənt] obr
- 2 causeway ['kɔːzwei] cesta vedená po hrázi
- 3 to believe [bɪˈliːv] věřit
- **4 path** [pα:θ] cesta, stezka
- **5** same [seim] ten samý
- 6 to point [point] ukázat
- 7 cradle ['kreidl] kolébka8 to shout [[aʊt] zakřičet
- in the Decordin
  - in the Recording Scripts